Phalaenopsis

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Representatives of Phalaenopsis not spray fragrance, but like love butterflies-their name derives from the Greek coincidence phalaina. Colors are tightly and spread \ "wings \" one after another on the stem to a height of 60 cm at razrostranenata coloration is white with yellow spots or rozovenikavi but allows hybridization can order bands.

One of the most common orchids growing in the home. There is a short stem with several dark green leaves arranged in Leatherback jack. Blossoms with one or two flower stems, which are located on the colors. The most common are pink and white tsiftyashtite species, but there are also a yellow, orange, red and violet.

All orchids pulvelizatora love, only with falaenopsis need to be careful, must not allow the penetration of water in rosettes of leaves, because it can be rotten.

Soil: The soil of the orchid (buy ready-made mixes) predominate moss and broken pine bark, which allows better aeration and draining. At the bottom of the pot can earthworks small stones, which will also help against decay of roots.

Feeding: This is the time of watering. Dissolve the slurry in the ratio 1 / 2 of the package is written and pour the resulting solution.

Irrigation: watering the plant using a soft, mellow water (and rain can). During the warm months is done in 2 - 3 days and in winter - in 2 weeks. In summer it is particularly important morning splashed on the leaves. In principle, all orchids need high humidity (about 85%). If the orchid is seen hanging in the cot for her flight to plunge the entire court in bowl with water and hold it until the surface bubbles cease to come. Before each subsequent pouring, the upper layer of soil must be dried completely.

Likes bright spot without direct sun during the summer months. You can get burns on the leaves. To encourage flowering is good to reduce watering and temperature during winter months.

Most - well felanopsisat and vandals will feel in a greenhouse. Need high humidity (about 85%) and temperatures around 20 $\,^\circ$ C.

Propagation: It is difficult to be reproduced at home by amateurs.

Replanting: if the pot gets too close.

Tip: Do not cut stems after flowering pretsafti. It is possible for them later to kill the new buds and blossom again. Translucent forms, standing in the air roots. When their tips are pale, it is a sign that the plant is in a phase of rapid growth, and when posrebreyat - that rests at the plant or need watering (depending on season).